

DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Math 245

Michael E. O'Sullivan

Practice Exam

Do all problems. Show your work!

I. Logical arguments are based on a logic statement being a tautology. State the tautology that justifies the argument:

$$\begin{array}{c} p \\ q \\ \hline (p \wedge q) \implies r \\ r \end{array}$$

Show that it is a tautology using a truth table.

Give an example using statements in mathematical or everyday language illustrating the use of this equivalence.

II. For the following statement in English:

- Negate the statement. (Don't just write "It is not true that ...")
- Translate the original statement into formal logic.
- Negate the formal statement and simplify. (That is, don't just write " $\sim (\dots)$.")

Everyone at the party was beautiful or smart.

III State the quotient-remainder theorem. State the unique factorization theorem. State the theorem about a prime dividing a product.

IV Define *divides*, *composite*, and *floor*.

VI. Consider the following statement:

For any integer m and any rational number r ,

$$\lceil m - r \rceil = m - \lfloor r \rfloor$$

- Illustrate with an example.
- Show that the statement is not true if m is allowed to be any rational number.
- Prove the statement. Use the definitions of floor and ceiling!