

Math 627B: Modern Algebra II

Homework III

Problem 1: Monomial orderings:

- For $n = 2$, list the monomials of total degree 2 or less in increasing order for grevlex and for grlex. This is enough to show they are different orderings.
- Let $n = 3$. For each of the monomial orderings lex, grlex and grevlex, find vectors u_1, u_2, u_3 which determine that ordering.
- Find a total ordering on \mathbb{N}_0^3 which is determined by a single vector u_1 . Explain why the one vector is sufficient.
- Find necessary and sufficient condition(s) on the u_i to ensure that a group ordering on \mathbb{N}_0^n is also a well-ordering and therefore a monomial ordering.
- Find necessary and sufficient condition(s) on the u_i that ensure that a monomial ordering on \mathbb{N}_0^n has no element α that is larger than an infinite number of other elements of \mathbb{N}_0^n . Justify your answer.
- Let $>_1$ be a monomial ordering on $\mathbb{N}_0^{m_1}$ and let $>_2$ be a monomial ordering on $\mathbb{N}_0^{m_2}$. Generalize the discussion in IVA II.4#10 to define the product order of $>_1$ and $>_2$. Explain how to obtain vectors defining the product order from the vectors defining the individual orders.

Problem 2: Division: IVA II.3#9

Problem 3: The ascending chain condition (see IVA II.5 #12-14).

- For a ring R prove that the following two conditions are equivalent: (i) Every ascending chain of ideals in R stabilizes. (ii) Every ideal of R is finitely generated.
- Show that every descending chain of varieties in k^n stabilizes.
- Give an example of an infinite *strictly descending* chain of ideals in $k[x]$.

Problem 4: Groebner bases: Fix a monomial ordering $<$.

- Show that the remainder of f when divided by I is well defined. It is independent of the Groebner basis (IVA II.6 #4).
- Do problems IVA II.7 #2, 3.
- Read problems IVA II.7#5-7.9.