Abstract Algebra Math 521A Michael E. O'Sullivan

Review for Third Exam: Chapters 5, 6

Commutative rings with identity: ideals, and congruence modulo an ideal

- Know how to
 - Define ideal, and prime ideal.
 - Prove that a subset of a ring is an ideal (or show that it isn't).
 - Use the language of ideals with \mathbb{Z} , $\mathbb{Z}_n F[x]$, F[x]/m(x).
- Know the relationship between homomorphisms and ideals. (The kernel is an ideal; The first isomorphism theorem; See also 6.2 #13, 24).
- Know how to compute in the quotient of a ring by an ideal.
 - If I is an ideal in R, the elements of R/I are written a + I where $a \in R$.
 - -a+I=b+I iff $a-b\in I$.
 - Addition in R/I is defined by (a + I) + (b + I) = (a + b) + I.
 - Multiplication in R/I is defined by (a+I)(b+I) = (ab) + I.
- Know how to compute in a polynomial ring modulo a polynomial.
 - Find the inverse of an element a(x) of F[x]/m(x), when a(x) is coprime to p(x).
 - Identify units and zero divisors in F[x]/m(x).
 - Identify all ideals in F[x]/m(x).
 - Define irreducible and prime for polynomials.
 - Know that m(x) is prime iff m(x) is irreducible. In this case, F[x]/m(x) is a field.
- Be able to work in $R \times S$ where R, S are commutative rings with identity. What are the ideals in this ring?
- Our standard examples of non-principal ideal rings.
 - Be able to compute and work with ideals in $\mathbb{Z}[x]$ and F[x, y] for F a field. See 6.1#41 and example p. 140, 6.2#13, 6.3 #10.
 - Be able to find units, zero divisors, idempotent elements (x such that $x = x^2$) in $\mathbb{F}[x, y]$ modulo a simple ideal like $\langle x^2, xy, y^2 \rangle$.