## Math 627A: Modern Algebra I

## Homework III

**Problem 8** For an abelian group A and integer m we let  $mA = \{ma : a \in A\}$ . Verify for yourself that this is a group. Let p be a prime number.

(a) Show that  $p^a \mathbb{Z}_{p^n} \cong \mathbb{Z}_{p^{n-a}}$  for  $a \leq n$ . (b) Letting n = a + b in part (a), show that there is an exact sequence

$$0 \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{p^b} \xrightarrow{\cdot p^a} \mathbb{Z}_{p^{a+b}} \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{p^a} \longrightarrow 0$$

(b) Show that  $p^{a-1}\mathbb{Z}_{p^n}/p^a\mathbb{Z}_{p^n}\cong\mathbb{Z}_p$  for  $a\leq n$ .

(c) Suppose that  $A \cong (\mathbb{Z}_p)^{a_1} \times (\mathbb{Z}_{p^2})^{a_2} \times \cdots \times (\mathbb{Z}_{p^n})^{a_n}$ . Show that  $p^{t-1}A/p^tA \cong (\mathbb{Z}_p)^{a_t+\cdots+a_n}$ . (d) Conclude the uniqueness part of the classification of finite abelian groups: If

$$(\mathbb{Z}_p)^{a_1} \times (\mathbb{Z}_{p^2})^{a_2} \times \cdots \times (\mathbb{Z}_{p^n})^{a_n} \cong (\mathbb{Z}_p)^{b_1} \times (\mathbb{Z}_{p^2})^{b_2} \times \cdots \times (\mathbb{Z}_{p^n})^{b_n}$$

then  $a_i = b_i$ . (The  $a_i$  and  $b_i$  may be 0 in the isomorphism.)

**Problem 9** [H 7.8 #17] Let G be the group of all matrices of the form

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & a & b \\ 0 & 1 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

with  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Q}$ .

(a) Find the center C of G and show that C is isomorphic to the additive group  $\mathbb{Q}$ .

(b) Show that the center of G/C is isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Q} \times \mathbb{Q}$ .

(c) Conclude that G is metabelian.

**Problem 10** Let p, q and r be prime and let  $n = p^6 q^2 r^4$ .

(a) How many abelian groups are there of order n (up to isomorphism)?

(b) For each i from 1 to 7 find how many of these groups have exactly i invariant factors?