# DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

#### Math 245

Michael E. O'Sullivan

Suggestions for preparing for the Second Exam

- I. Things you should know about the integers and rational numbers:
  - Be able to use (and recognize that you are using) commutativity, associativity, the additive and multiplicative identity, the additive inverse (and, for the rationals, the multiplicative inverse), distributivity.
  - Be able to use (and recognize that you are using ) properties of <. For example a < b implies a + c < b + c.
  - Be able to define prime, composite, divides, floor, ceiling.
- II. Know the statements of the following theorems and know how to apply them (as in webworks problems):
  - Quotient-remainder theorem.
  - The unique factorization theorem.
- III. Be able to do these computations.
  - Use the Euclidean algorithm to find the greatest common divisor of two numbers.
  - Convert an integer (base 10) into another base, and convert from any base into base 10.
  - Add in any given base. Construct a multiplication table in a given base. Use a multiplication table to find a product of two numbers in any given base.
  - Use unique factorization to solve equations involving integers.
- IV. Know these standard proofs and proof methods.
  - Divisibility results like:
    - Transitivity of divides.
    - If a divides b and a divides c then a divides b + c.
    - When a = bx + c, gcd(a, b) = gcd(b, c).
  - Proofs by contradiction:
    - There exist an infinite number of primes (by contradiction).
    - $-\sqrt{p}$  is irrational for p a prime (by contradiction).
    - The sum of a rational number and an irrational number is irrational (by contradiction).
  - Floor and ceiling proofs using the definitions (as in Epp, §3.5).
  - Know how to use of a counterexample to disprove a universal statement.

## V. Sequences and recursion.

- Be able to use summation and product notation.
- Be able to use recursive formulas.
- Find the first several terms of a sequence given the inital terms and the recurrence formula.
- $\bullet$  Find the formula for the *n*th term as a function of *n* for some simple examples.

### VI. Know the formulas for the following sums:

- The sum of a geometric sequence.
- $\bullet$  The sum of the first n integers.

## VII. Know how to prove by induction!

- Use full sentences.
- State the predicate.
- Prove the base step.
- State the assumption for the inductive step.
- Do the inductive step.